



Knowledge organiser - comparing London with the Amazon Rainforest

Amazon Rainforest	London
Equatorial climate - hot and wet	Seasonal (temperate) climate
Trees, vegetation, tracks	Buildings (houses/schools/shops etc) parks, lakes, bridges, roads
Dwellings - communal Shabono	Houses and flats, not communal
Amazon River	River Thames
Indigenous people	Multicultural
Hunter/gatherers	Many different jobs
Mainly plant based diet with some meat and fish.	Varied diet with influences from many cultures.



A compass can help you explain where a place is located.

Key Vocabulary	Definition
Continent	One of the earth's seven major areas of land. The continents are Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America, and South America.
Ocean	The vast body of saltwater covering about three quarters of the earth's surface. The major divisions of this body of water are the Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Southern and Arctic Oceans.
Physical Feature	A physical feature is one of an area's natural physical features, like mountains, lakes, and rivers.
Human Feature	A human feature is one of an area's man-made features such as settlements, buildings, canals, roads, ports, factories.
Climate	The weather found in a certain place over a long period of time is known as the climate. An area's climate determines what kinds of plants can grow and what kinds of animals can survive there.
Capital City	A capital city is a city or town, which serves as the location of the government's central meeting place and offices. Most of the country's leaders and officials work in the capital city.
Rainforest	Tropical rainforests are forests with tall trees, warm climates, and lots of rain.
Yanomami	An indigenous tribe living in the Amazon Rainforest.
Shabono	A Yanomami dwelling.
Equator	The Equator is an imaginary line going around the middle of Earth.



Map of South America showing location of the Yanomami Tribe.



Map of the United Kingdom showing capital cities including London.

South and Central American Art

Diego Rivera



Frida Kahlo



Leonora Carrington



fresco



tropical



Joaquin Torres Garcia



Carlos Paez Vilaro



Brazil

Beatriz Milhazes



Uruguay



candombe carnival

Year 2 - Citizenship

Election	An event where people vote.
Environment	The local surroundings or place a person lives or works in.
Identity	Who someone is and how they define themselves.
Job	Paid work carried out on a regular basis.
Opinion	What a person thinks about something.
Responsibility	Being in charge of our own actions.
Rule	Something that tells us what is allowed or not allowed.
School Council	A group of children who help make school better.
Volunteer	A person who offers to help out with tasks or activities without getting paid.
Vote	A choice for a person or thing.

Key facts

There are different rules in different places



Rules are there for a good reason, for example to keep people safe, to help people get on with each other or to keep places clean and tidy

We can all help to take care of our class and school environment



Some people do jobs which help to keep our environment healthy

There are lots of different jobs in our local community



There are people in the local community who are similar to me and people who are different

The School Council is there to share ideas on ways to make the school a better place for everyone



We can all share our opinions and should respect other people's opinions

Word processing

Backspace	A key to move the cursor backwards.
Copyright	The law that protects other people's work from being copied or used without permission.
Delete (text)	A button on the keyboard which deletes text.
Image	A picture.
Import	To place another file into a document, such as an image.
Keyboard	An input device made up of buttons that create letters, numbers, and symbols, as well as perform other functions.
Keyboard character	Any letter, symbol, space, number or punctuation mark that can be input with a keyboard.
Paste (text)	To insert copied or cut text.
Redo	To step forwards to the next edit.
Space bar	A button on a keyboard to insert room between letters.
Touch typing	Using a keyboard with all your fingers, without looking at the letters on the keys.
Undo	To step backwards to the previous edit.
Word processing	A program used for creating text documents on a computer.

Keyboard buttons:

Important buttons to learn when typing on a computer.



Key facts

Word processing software:

Writing program - Sid the dog.txt

File Save Print Copy Cut Text Clipart Font

Balsamiq sans

Regular **aA**

Sid, the silly sausage dog, swam in the sparkling sea.

Bold **B**

Sid, the silly sausage dog, swam in the sparkling sea.

Italics **I**

Sid, the silly sausage dog, swam in the sparkling sea.

Underline **U**

Sid, the silly sausage dog, swam in the sparkling sea.

Highlight

Sid, the silly sausage dog, swam in the sparkling sea.

E-books and e-documents can be read on electronic devices



Textiles - Puppets

Decorate	To add details to a design to improve its appearance.
Design	To make, draw or write plans for something.
Fabric	A natural or man-made woven or knitted material that is made from plant fibres, animal fur or synthetic material.
Glue	A sticky liquid that can join two things together.
Model	A practise version, often on a smaller scale, that lets you test out your idea and see how it will look and work.
Hand puppet	A toy that you can make move by putting your hand inside it.
Safety pin	A 'U' shaped pin with a cap where the needle slots in securely after fastening.
Stencil	A shape that you can draw around.
Technique	A way of doing something to complete a task.
Template	A stencil which you use to help you draw a shape more easily on to different materials.

Did you know?

Puppets were first invented over 3,000 years ago in Egypt.

They were made out of clay.



Key facts

Kapow Primary

You will use a variety of techniques to create your puppet including cutting, gluing, stapling and pinning.



What colour fabric will you choose for your puppet?
What colour hair will your puppet have?
What kind of eyes, nose and ears will your puppet have?



Music - Call and response (Animals)

Kapow Primary

call and response:

One person sings or plays something and others sing or play something back, in reply.



What sound does a lion make?



Roar!

dynamics:

The volume of a piece of music.



sound pattern:

When long and short sounds repeat in a certain way.



clap



clap



clap



clap

I am growling



I am growling



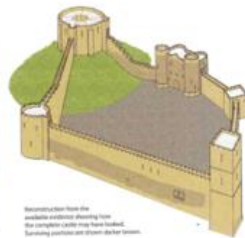
I am growling



Knowledge Organiser- Year 2 Tonbridge – Local History





Vocabulary	
Word	Definition
Battle of Hastings	A battle between the King of England – Harold Godwinson and the Norman King William fought 1066
Bayeux Tapestry	A tapestry telling the story of the Battle of Hastings created in Bayeux in France.
Magna Carta	An agreement between King John and the Barons signed 15 th June 1215
Domesday book	A record of who land belonged to written in 1088
Civil War	A war between King Charles 1 and Parliament between 1642-1651
Parliament	A group of people who govern and create laws
Motte and Bailey Castle	A fortification with a keep built on a hill (mound) with a courtyard (Bailey) surrounded by a ditch (motte) and wooden wall.
Barons	A nobleman who owns land
Normans	People who came from Northern France

Tonbridge Motte and Bailey Castle



Reproduction from the original illustration showing how the complete castle may have looked. Surviving portions are shown in black lines.

Key People-What did they do?

William the Conqueror		A Norman King who defeated Harold Godwinson and conquered England in 1066 in the Battle of Hastings
Richard Fitzgilbert		A kinsman of William the Conqueror. <u>He</u> built Tonbridge Castle.
King John I		The king who signed the Magna Carta. He burnt down Tonbridge Castle.
King Charles I		The king who fought against parliament and was beheaded.

Knowledge organiser

Beyond living memory...

Caroline Haslett (1820-1910)



English electrical engineer, safety expert and advocate for science education for girls.

Within living memory...

Stella McCartney (1974 – present)



English fashion designer know for using sustainable and ethically sourced materials.

Key Knowledge

Properties of Materials

	wood: hard, stiff, strong, opaque, can be carved into any shape.		glass: waterproof, transparent, hard, smooth.
	plastic: waterproof, strong, can be made to be flexible or stiff, smooth or rough.		metal: strong, hard, easy to wash.
	paper: lightweight, flexible.		cardboard: strong, light, stiff.
	fabric: soft, flexible, hard-wearing, can be stretchy, warm, absorbent.		rubber: hard-wearing, elastic, flexible, strong.

Vocabulary

Tier 2: wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard, strong, waterproof, bounce, grip (sole), squash, bend, twist, stretch, stretchy/not stretchy, fabric.

Tier 3: property, material, object, suitability, purpose, solid, fair test

Disciplinary (non-statutory): answer, classify, communicate, compare, data, enquiry, equipment, gather, group, identify, measure, observe, pattern, practical activity, question, record, relationship, secondary source, sort, test

Squash an object by pushing both hands together.



Bend an object by grabbing both ends of the object and bringing the ends inwards together.



Twist an object by turning your hands in opposite directions.



Stretch an object by pulling your hands slowly and gently apart.



